

Standards New

NY-K.OA.6

NY-K.MD.4 Explore coins (pennies, nickels, dimes, and quarters) and begin identifying pennies and dimes. Recognizing coins is an expectation Relationable with this standard to NY-K.OA.1, 3, and 4, NY-K.NBT.1 and NY-K.MD.3.

Standards Moved from Kindergarten

No standards moved.

Highlights/Instructional Considerations

- NY-K.CC.2 Counting to 100 by ones beginning from any given number (instead of beginning at 1).
- NY-K.CC.4 Understand the relationship between numbers and quantities up to and including 20.
- NY-K.CC.4c Concept of successive numbers is now introduced in grade K, standard PK.CC.3c was removed from PK.
- NY-K.CC.6 Added language of "more than", "equal to" should absoused when comparing numbers.
- NY-K.OA.1 Pennies have been added as a manipulative to be used for addition and subtraction. Other strategies may be utilizedisted thos
- NY-K.OA.5 Added fluency clarificationFluency involves a mixture of just knowing some answers, knowing some answers from patterns, and knowing some answers from the use of strategies.
- NY-K.NBT.1 Students do not need to represent the composition of teen numbers as an equation, though let it leave is on using objects or drawings.
- NY-K.G.3 Understand the difference between tolimensional and threelimensional shapesanguage change from "identify shapes as" to "understand the difference between". Students are still identifying/naming shapes in-NYG.2.
- NY-K.G.4 Students are analyzing, comparing and sorting two and three-dimensional objects using informal language, canadact to the grade-level standard NY.G.3.
- NY-K.G.5 Students should be taught to model objects by building and drawing shapes; however, when answering a question, studesets cancel the object by building or drawing the shape.