

MLL/ BLL Classroom Observation Tool

Gathering classroom observation data and assessing the implementation level of effective instructional practices in the school is critical to determining MLL/ELL program quality. Each school will determine how many classrooms will be visited to inform the MLL/ELL Program Quality Review. At least 33% of the classrooms should be visited. Those classrooms would be representative of the grade levels, courses, and programs offered in the school. All educators need to be knowledgeable about the daily practices for quality instruction for MLLs/ELLs. <u>The Classroom Observation Form - Classroom Snapshot: Using the Key Principles for MLL/ELL Instruction</u> will be used in the MLL/ELL Program Quality review process. <u>The Classroom Observation Form - Classroom Snapshot: Using the Key Principles for MLL/ELL Instruction is anchored in six <u>Key Principles for ELL Instruction</u> elaborated by the Understanding Language initiative at Stanford University, Twee have informed the <u>Blueprint for MLL/ELL Success</u>. These rigorous, research-grounded principles will guide the review of practices within the classrooms, which will inform the scoring. These principles are applicable to any instructional program for <u>Mulls</u>/ELLs. No single principle is more important than any other, and all six need to be incorporated into planning and</u>

5. MLLs/ELLs must learn to use a broad repertoire of

Process for Aggregating, Summarizing, Analyzing Data from Classroom Observations

Tools

Classroom Observation Form - Classroom Shapshot: Using the Key

The Classroom Environment Share-Out

(ALLOTTED TIME)

Each group will present to the other on their subsection.

Identify the subsection and provide a brief summary of the discussion.

Share a bulleted list of actions or solutions the group has proposed to address each indicator.

Allow

Using the Key Principles for MLL/ BLL Instruction

Students deepening understandings by building on prior	
knowledge/ideas or the ideas of others	
Students negotiating meaning using peers as resources	
Students using multimodal materials and scaffolds for	
purposeful learning of content, analytical practices, and	
language	
Students engaged in productive struggle with complex	
texts/tasks/ideas using learning supports and analysis tools	
for a purpose	
Students refining their communications using formulaic	
expressions, representations, metaphors, and multiple	
examples	
Students acknowledging and valuing the ideas of peers	
Students encouraging and/or promoting peers to express	
ideas in their home language	
Developing Autonomy: @ U 00 - 00	nt practices are employed to acther evidence and guide (both teacher
	nt practices are employed to gather evidence and guide (both teacher
and students) productive next steps to support learning conceptual	understandings, analytical practices, and language development
simultaneously.	
	Evidence: If you check a box, note key details of what you saw &
	heard.
Student engaged in well-structured invitations to participate	
in productive struggle	
Students engaged in productive struggle to accomplish tasks	
in the "zone of proximal development"	
Students apprenticing into content-area discussion	

Students offering peers respectful, accurate, and useful